

## الحساب المحرفي - المتطابقات الهمامة

### نشاط ١ :

١) بسط التعبير التالية :

$$C = 5x - x \quad ; \quad B = -5 + 6x - 2 - 2x + 7 \quad ; \quad A = 2x + 3x$$

$$H = (-3x)^2 \quad ; \quad G = (5x)^2 \quad ; \quad F = -x \times x^2 \quad ; \quad E = 4x \times 3y \quad ; \quad D = -2 \times (-7x)$$

٢) هل المتساویات التالية صحيحة ؟

$$\boxed{4} 2x^2 + 9x = 11x^3 \quad ; \quad \boxed{3} 8x - 3 = 5x \quad ; \quad \boxed{2} x^2 = 2x \quad ; \quad \boxed{1} 3x^2 = (3x)^2$$

### ١) قواعد النشر والتفعيل :

قاعدة :  $a; b; c$  أعداد حقيقية ، لدينا :

$$a(b - c) = ab - ac \quad ; \quad a \times (b + c) = a \times b + a \times c$$

ملاحظة : يمكن تعريف :

$3 \times x$  بـ  $ab$  و  $3 \times 4$  بـ  $b + c$  :

أ) المرور من  $a \times b + a \times c$  إلى  $a \times (b + c)$  يسمى عملية النشر : مثال : أنشر مايلي :

$$B = 3(x - 3y)$$

$$= 3 \times x - 3 \times 3y$$

$$= 3x - 9y$$

$$A = -2(3x + y)$$

$$= -2 \times 3x + (-2) \times y$$

$$= -6x - 2y$$

ب) المرور من  $a \times (b + c)$  إلى  $a \times b + a \times c$  يسمى عملية التفعيل : مثال : عمل مايلي :

$$B = 3x - 18$$

$$= 3 \times x - 3 \times 6$$

$$= 3(x - 6)$$

$$A = 15a + 20$$

$$= 5 \times 3a + 5 \times 4$$

$$= 5(3a + 4)$$

نتيجة :  $d ; c ; b ; a$  أعداد حقيقية . لدينا :

$$(a + b)(c + d) = a(c + d) + b(c + d) \\ = ac + ad + bc + bd$$

مثال : أنشر مايلي :

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= (-4x - 5)(-3 + x) \\
 &= -4x(-3 + x) - 5(-3 + x) \\
 &= 12x - 4x^2 + 15 - 5x \\
 &= -4x^2 + 7x + 15
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= (2 - x)(3x + 1) \\
 &= 2(3x + 1) - x(3x + 1) \\
 &= 6x + 2 - 3x^2 - x \\
 &= -3x^2 + 6x - x + 2 \\
 &= -3x^2 + 5x + 2
 \end{aligned}$$

**تمرين ١ :** أنشر ثم بسط

$$C = 4(2x - 5) - 6(x + 3) ; \quad B = -3(x - 2) ; \quad A = 2(-x + 1)$$

$$F = (x + 9)(3 - 2x) ; \quad E = \frac{11}{4}x(8x - 10) ; \quad D = 2x(x - 1) + 4x(x + 7)$$

$$H = (2x - 1)(x^2 + 3) ; \quad G = (3y - 5)(-10 + y)$$

$$J = (x + 2)(8 + 3x) - 2(1 - x)(x - 7) ; \quad I = 3x(x + 1) + (5 + x)(x - 2)$$

**حل التمرين ١ :**

$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= 4(2x - 5) - 6(x + 3) \\
 &= 4 \times 2x - 4 \times 5 - 6 \times x + (-6) \times 3 \\
 &= 8x - 20 - 6x - 18 \\
 C &= 2x - 38
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= -3(x - 2) \\
 &= -3 \times x - (-3) \times 2 \\
 B &= -3x + 6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 2(-x + 1) \\
 &= 2 \times (-x) + 2 \times 1 \\
 A &= -2x + 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F &= (x + 9)(3 - 2x) \\
 &= x(3 - 2x) + 9(3 - 2x) \\
 &= 3x - 2x^2 + 27 - 18x \\
 F &= -2x^2 - 15x + 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E &= \frac{11}{4}x(8x - 10) \\
 &= \frac{11}{4}x \times 8x - \frac{11}{4}x \times 10 \\
 E &= 22x^2 - \frac{55}{2}x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 2x(x - 1) + 4x(x + 7) \\
 &= 2x \times x - 2x \times 1 + 4x \times x + 4x \times 7 \\
 &= 2x^2 - 2x + 4x^2 + 28x \\
 D &= 6x^2 + 26x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= 3x(x + 1) + (5 + x)(x - 2) \\
 &= 3x^2 + 3x + 5x - 10 + x^2 - 2x \\
 I &= 4x^2 + 6x - 10
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= (2x - 1)(x^2 + 3) \\
 &= 2x(x^2 + 3) - 1(x^2 + 3) \\
 &= 2x^3 + 6x - x^2 - 3 \\
 H &= 2x^3 - x^2 + 6x - 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 G &= (3y - 5)(-10 + y) \\
 &= 3y(-10 + y) - 5(-10 + y) \\
 &= -30y + 3y^2 + 50 - 5y \\
 G &= 3y^2 - 35y + 50
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 J &= (x + 2)(8 + 3x) - 2(1 - x)(x - 7) = 8x + 3x^2 + 16 + 6x - 2[x - 7 - x^2 + 7x] \\
 &= 8x^2 + 14x + 16 - 2x + 14 + x^2 - 14 \\
 J &= 9x^2 + 2x + 30
 \end{aligned}$$

**تمرين 2 : حدد العامل المشترك ثم عمل:**

$$D = 27x^2 - 27x ; C = 2x^2 + 3x ; B = 5(x-2) - 8x(x-2) ; A = 5x^3 + 2x^2 + 10x$$

$$F = (2x+1)(8+x) - (3x-1)(2x+1) ; E = 9x(x-3) + 9x(10+2x)$$

$$H = (11x-3)^2 + (11x-3)(5+9x) ; G = 10x^2 - 5x + 15$$

**حل التمرين 2 :**

$D = 27x^2 - 27x$	$C = 2x^2 + 3x$	$B = 5(x-2) - 8x(x-2)$	$A = 5x^3 + 2x^2 + 10x$
$D = 27x(x-1)$	$C = x(2x+3)$	$B = (x-2)(5-8x)$	$A = x(5x^2 + 2x + 10)$

$G = 10x^2 - 5x + 15$	$F = (2x+1)(8+x) - (3x-1)(2x+1)$ $= (2x+1)[(8+x) - (2x+1)]$ $= (2x+1)(8+x-2x-1)$ $F = (2x+1)(-x+7)$	$E = 9x(x-3) + 9x(10+2x)$ $= 9x[(x-3) + (10+2x)]$ $= 9x(x+3+10+2x)$ $E = 9x(3x+13)$
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$$H = (11x-3)^2 + (11x-3)(5+9x) = (11x-3)[(11x-3) + (5+9x)]$$

$$= (11x-3)(11x-3+5+9x) = (11x-3)(20x+2)$$

**نشاط 2 : أحسب وبسط :**

$$(a + b)^2 = (a + b)(a + b) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(a - b)^2 = (a - b)(a - b) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$(a + b)(a - b) = \dots\dots\dots$$

**(2) المتطابقات الهامة :**

**قواعد :** مربع حموع :  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

مربع فرق :  $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

فرق مربعين :  $(a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$

**أمثلة**

**أ) المتطابقات الهامة والنشر :**

$$C = (2+3x)(2-3x)$$

$$= 2^2 - (3x)^2$$

$$= 4 - 9x^2$$

$$B = (5-7x)^2$$

$$= 5^2 - 2 \times 5 \times 7x + (7x)^2$$

$$= 25 - 70x + 49x^2$$

$$A = (3x+4)^2$$

$$= (3x)^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 4 + 4^2$$

$$= 9x^2 + 24x + 16$$

### ب) المتطابقات الهامة والتعميل :

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 144x^2 - 4 \\ &= (12x)^2 - 2^2 \\ &= (12x - 2)(12x + 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 16 - 56x + 49x^2 \\ &= 4^2 - 2 \times 4 \times 7x + (7x)^2 \\ &= (4 - 7x)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 25x^2 + 30x + 9 \\ &= (5x)^2 + 2 \times 5x \times 3 + 3^2 \\ &= (5x + 3)^2 \end{aligned}$$

**تمرين 3 : أنشر ثم بسط :**

$$D = (2x - 5)^2 ; \quad C = (3 - x)^2 ; \quad B = (5x + 4)^2 ; \quad A = (x + 6)^2$$

$$G = (3x + 5)(3x - 5) ; \quad F = (x - 2)(x + 2) ; \quad E = (4y - 1)^2$$

$$I = (3x + 4)^2 - (1 - 2x)(6 + x) ; \quad H = (4x + 1)(4x - 1) - (3x + 2)^2$$

**حل تمرين 3 :**

$$\begin{aligned} C &= (3 - x)^2 \\ &= 3^2 - 2 \times 3 \times x + x^2 \\ &\boxed{C = 9 - 6x + x^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= (5x + 4)^2 \\ &= (5x)^2 + 2 \times 5x \times 4 + 4^2 \\ &\boxed{B = 25x^2 + 40x + 16} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (x + 6)^2 \\ &= x^2 + 2 \times x \times 6 + 6^2 \\ &\boxed{A = x^2 + 12x + 36} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= (x - 2)(x + 2) \\ &= x^2 - 2^2 \\ &\boxed{F = x^2 - 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= (4y - 1)^2 \\ &= (4y)^2 - 2 \times 4y \times 1 + 1^2 \\ &\boxed{E = 16y^2 - 8y + 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= (2x - 5)^2 \\ &= (2x)^2 - 2 \times 2x \times 5 + 5^2 \\ &\boxed{D = 4x^2 - 20x + 25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= (4x + 1)(4x - 1) - (3x + 2)^2 \\ &= (4x)^2 - 1^2 - [(3x)^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 2 + 2^2] \\ &= 16x^2 - 1 - [9x^2 + 24x + 4] \\ &= 16x^2 - 1 - 9x^2 - 24x - 4 \\ &\boxed{H = 7x^2 - 24x - 5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G &= (3x + 5)(3x - 5) \\ &= (3x)^2 - 5^2 \\ &= 9x^2 - 25 \\ &\boxed{G = 9x^2 - 25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= (3x + 4)^2 - (1 - 2x)(6 + x) = (3x)^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 4 + 4^2 - [6 + x - 12x - 2x^2] \\ &= 9x^2 + 24x + 16 - 6 - x + 12x + 2x^2 = \boxed{11x^2 + 35x + 10} \end{aligned}$$

**تمرين 4 : عمل :**

$$C = \pi^2 - 10\pi + 25 ; \quad B = 9x^2 + 12x + 4 ; \quad A = x^2 + 10x + 25$$

$$F = 1 - y^2 ; \quad E = x^2 - 16 ; \quad D = 4x^2 - 4xy + y^2$$

$$H = (x + 3)^2 - 16 ; \quad G = 100x^2 - 9$$

**حل تمرين 4 :**

$$\begin{aligned} C &= \pi^2 - 10\pi + 25 \\ &= \pi^2 - 2 \times \pi \times 5 + 5^2 \\ &\boxed{C = (\pi - 5)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 9x^2 + 12x + 4 \\ &= (3x)^2 + 2 \times 3x \times 2 + 2^2 \\ &\boxed{B = (3x + 2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= x^2 + 10x + 25 \\ &= x^2 + 2 \times x \times 5 + 5^2 \\ &\boxed{A = (x + 5)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= 1 - y^2 \\ &= 1^2 - y^2 \\ \boxed{F} &= (1-y)(1+y) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= x^2 - 16 \\ &= x^2 - 4^2 \\ \boxed{E} &= (x-2)(x+2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= 4x^2 - 4xy + y^2 \\ &= (2x)^2 - 2 \times 2x \times y + y^2 \\ \boxed{D} &= (2x-y)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= (x+3)^2 - 16 \\ &= (x+3)^2 - 4^2 \\ \boxed{H} &= [(x+3)-4][(x+3)+4] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G &= 100x^2 - 9 \\ &= (10x)^2 - 3^2 \\ \boxed{G} &= (10x-3)(10x+3) \end{aligned}$$

تمرين 5 : أنشر ثم بسط :

$$C = \left( \frac{2}{3}x + 5 \right) \left( \frac{2}{3}x - 5 \right) ; \quad B = \left( 4x + \frac{3}{8} \right)^2 ; \quad A = \left( x - \frac{1}{5} \right)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline C & B & A \\ \hline C & B & A \\ \hline \begin{aligned} C &= \left( \frac{2}{3}x + 5 \right) \left( \frac{2}{3}x - 5 \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{2}{3}x \right)^2 - 5^2 \\ \boxed{C} &= \frac{4}{9}x^2 - 25 \end{aligned} & \begin{aligned} B &= \left( 4x + \frac{3}{8} \right)^2 \\ &= (4x)^2 + 2 \times 4x \times \frac{3}{8} + \left( \frac{3}{8} \right)^2 \\ \boxed{B} &= 16x^2 + 3x + \frac{1}{16} \end{aligned} & \begin{aligned} A &= \left( x - \frac{1}{5} \right)^2 \\ &= x^2 - 2 \times x \times \frac{1}{5} + \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^2 \\ \boxed{A} &= x^2 - \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{1}{25} \end{aligned} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

تمرين 6 : أحسب دهنيا :

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 2003^2 - 1003^2 \\ &= (2003 - 1003)(2003 + 1003) \\ &= 1000 \times 3006 = \boxed{3006000} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 105^2 - 95^2 \\ &= (105 - 95)(105 + 95) = 10 \times 200 \\ \boxed{A} &= 2000 \end{aligned}$$

تمرين 7 : نعتبر التعبير التالي :

$$E \quad (1) \quad \text{أنشر ثم بسط التعبير} \quad (2) \quad \text{عمل . } E \quad (3) \quad \text{أحسب إذا كان . } x = 1$$

حل تمرين 7 :

$$E = (3x-5)^2 - (3x-5)(x+5) = (3x)^2 - 2 \times 3x \times 5 + 5^2 - (3x^2 + 15x - 5x - 25) \quad (1)$$

$$= 9x^2 - 30x + 25 - 3x^2 - 15x + 5x + 25 = \boxed{6x^2 - 40x + 50}$$

$$E = (3x-5)^2 - (3x-5)(x+5) = (3x-5)[(3x-5) - (x+5)] \quad (2)$$

$$= (3x-5)(3x-5-x-5) = \boxed{(3x-5)(2x-10)}$$

$$(3) \quad \text{إذا كان } x = 1 \text{ فإن } E = (3 \times 1 - 5)(2 \times 1 - 10) = (3-5)(2-10) = -2 \times (-8) = \boxed{16}$$